# CEDAR CREEK CATTLE & HORSE ALLOTMENT

#### 2016 ANNUAL OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

#### I. INTRODUCTION

Permittee		Russell & Evelyn Stuart		
l l	Kind	Cattle		
	Class	Cow/Calf		
Permitted	Numbers	6 on 32 off		
	Season of Use	June 1 - Oct 10		
Authorized	Class	Cow/Calf		
	Numbers	6 on 32 off		
	Season of Use	June 15 - Oct 10		
Non-use		0		
Pack & Saddle Stock		0		

#### II. COMPLIANCE

- This AOI is made part of your grazing permit consistent with Part 1, item 3 and Part 2, Item 8(a).
- An allotment map is enclosed. It is your responsibility to ensure your livestock remain within the area you are permitted to graze during the duration of the time they are authorized to be on the allotment.
- Situations may develop during the grazing season which requires changes to these
  instructions. If this becomes necessary, or if you cannot comply with some part of
  these instructions, contact Brad Jacobson and obtain approval before initiating
  changes or deviating from these instructions
- Any hay, straw or feed used in association with this permit must be certified and tagged as noxious weed free, or noxious weed seed free as directed by USDA-FS R4 Weed Free Hay Order #04-00-097 dated 02/01/2003 available at the Greys River RD office.

#### III. BILLING

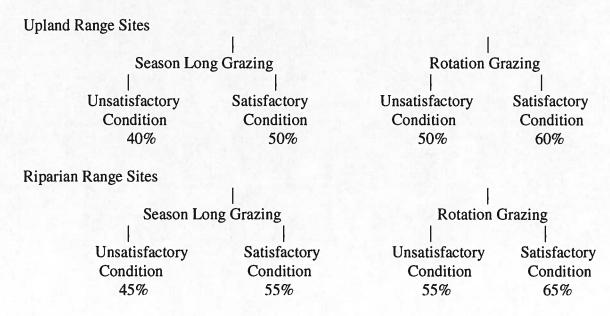
Due Date – The Bill for Collection is due 10 days prior to your turn-on date. Not
paying by the due date may result in administrative and interest charges. Placing
livestock on the allotment prior to payment is non-compliance with Part 2, item 3
of the grazing permit and will be charged at the unauthorized use rate, and may
include suspension or cancellation of your term grazing permit.

#### IV. LIVESTOCK MANAGEMENT

- Authorized use dates (turn-on & turn-off) are tentative and depend on range readiness, forage utilization and resource conditions during the entire grazing season. Livestock remaining on the allotment past the authorized use date will be billed at the unauthorized use rate. If repeated this may result in suspension or cancellation of your term grazing permit.
- Permittees are responsible for monitoring forage utilization within the allotment. When allowable forage use rates are met in identified key use areas, livestock will be herded to another area or removed from the allotment.
- Owners of permitted livestock must comply with State of Wyoming livestock laws and regulations.

## V. BRIDGER-TETON LAND AND RESOURCE MANAGEMENT PLAN STANDARDS AND GUIDES

- Vegetation Range Prescription: Range is managed to maintain and enhance range and watershed conditions while providing forage for livestock and wildlife.
- Forage Improvement Standard: Range in less-than-satisfactory condition will be improved. Disturbed areas will be stabilized or regenerated prior to resuming grazing use.
- Forage Utilization Standards: The following utilization standards will be the maximum utilization levels allowed for all herbivores on key vegetative species.



During Allotment Management Plan revision, an Interdisciplinary (ID) Team and livestock permittees will prescribe site-specific use levels needed to meet plan objectives. Maximum forage use guidelines apply cumulatively to all types of grazing use including wildlife, livestock and recreational stock. During monitoring and evaluation a utilization guideline may be changed if the prescribed level is not accomplishing planned objectives. An ID team will establish site-specific utilization levels on key wildlife ranges. ID teams will prescribe other proper-use standards to achieve site-specific objectives for the range resource being managed. The standards will be a combination of forage utilization, ground cover, plant vigor, soil disturbance, or stream bank stability.

- Desired Future Condition within the Allotment
  - O 10 Theme: An area managed to allow for some resource development and roads while having no adverse and some beneficial effects on wildlife. Management Emphasis: is to provide long-term and short-term habitat to meet the needs of wildlife managed in balance with timber harvest, grazing, and minerals development. Vegetation: Range Prescription Range is managed to maintain and enhance range and watershed conditions while providing forage for livestock and wildlife.
  - O 4 Theme: An area managed to protect municipal water supplies. Management Emphasis: is to protect or improve the quality of municipal water supplies. Vegetation: Range Prescription - Range is managed to maintain and enhance rand and watershed conditions while providing forage for livestock and wildlife. Water Quality Protection Standard - Livestock will be removed or numbers reduced in areas where municipal water quality is endangered.

#### VI. IMPROVEMENTS

There are no improvements on this allotment.

#### VII. PERMITTEE INSTRUCTIONS

- Salt will be placed at least 300 feet off roads and trails and at least 1,500 feet from all water sources, wetlands, riparian areas (when feasible), and developed recreational/camping sites except as approved by the Forest Officer in Charge. Salt will be removed from areas prior to proper utilization being reached. Salting areas should be rotated from year to year. Old established salt grounds should not be used with the exception of those areas which are highly resistant to salting (i.e. rocky and/or hardened areas resistant to salt leaching and ground disturbance). No more than 50 lbs. of salt will be placed at any one location at any time.
- The permittee will ensure that all personnel performing on the ground livestock management are thoroughly familiar with the terms of the grazing permit, annual operating instruction and allotment management plan.
- All camp sites used in conjunction with livestock operations must be maintained to have a clean, neat and orderly appearance. Flammable trash will be completely burned in a safe and reasonable way. All unburnable material will be removed to a disposal site. Burying of trash is not allowed. Temporary holding pens, corrals, mangers and hitching racks will be removed when the camp is moved or

- relocated. Facilities authorized on a permanent basis must be kept clean at all times and cleaned up after use. All camps must have a serviceable axe and shovel for fire control.
- There will be enough riders to achieve proper distribution of livestock within the allotment. Livestock will not be turned onto the allotment or allowed to congregate within any portion of the allotment for an extended period of time that creates areas of inappropriate forage utilization.
- Horses and mules used in conjunction with this permit will not be picketed or tied to trees in a manner that creates trampled vegetation and compacted soils.
- Permittees are strongly encouraged to store, handle and dispose of all human and animal food stuffs and garbage that makes them unavailable to bears and other wildlife. As such you are encouraged to start following Order Number 04-00-104 as it relates to your management of livestock on this allotment (see attached order). While not currently a requirement within the area you are permitted to graze, it is the intent of the Bridger-Teton National Forest to implement this order forest-wide over the next several years.

#### VIII. REQUIRED REPORTING

- An Actual Use form will be mailed at the end of the grazing season and returned to the Greys River RD office by December 31, 2016.
- The Permittee should keep records of turn on dates, livestock numbers and losses, locations, dates and movement of livestock within the allotment,

#### IX. INSPECTIONS & MONITORING

Range Readiness – Livestock will not be placed on the allotment until soils are dry
enough to prevent damage to vegetation or increase soil erosion, and when key plants
are phenologically ready to be grazed. Indicators are listed below.

Plant Type	Visual	Phenology		
GRASS				
Wheatgrass spp.	8 inch plant height	Seed stalk showing		
Idaho Fescue	5 inch leave length	Seed head present		
Praire Junegrass	5 inch leave length	Seed head present		
Sandberg bluegrass	Plant mature	Seed head in dough stage		
Pinegrass	4-6 inch leaves			
Tufted hairgrass	6+ inch height	Seed head present		
Kentucky bluegrass		Seed head present		
GRASSLIKE				
Nebraska sedge		Seed in late dough		
FORBS				
Western Yarrow	Flower stalk showing			
Arrowleaf Balsamroot	3/4 leaf development	Blossom beginning		
Geranium	4 inch leave length	Flower in bloom		
SHRUBS				
Serviceberry		Blossom present		
Antelope Bitterbrush		Flower bud swollen		
Snowberry		7-8 bud leaves unfolded		

• Desired Future Condition in Identified Key Use areas by Cover Type:

COVER TYPE	PERCENT GROUND COVER FOR FUNCTIONALITY*
Alpine	90
Aspen	80
Mt Big Sagebrush	70
Tall Forb	80
Mt Brush	70

<sup>\*</sup>FSH 2209.21 Chapter 20 Section 22.1.2

- Proper Use Standards. Forage use standard within identified key use areas should range between 4 and 6 inch stubble height for riparian grass species at the end of the grazing season. Forage use standard for upland areas is no more than 50 percent use of the current years growth. Stubble height will be determined as an average of the stubble height within identified key use areas in each pasture at the end of the grazing season.
- Permittee Monitoring It is the Permittees responsibility to ensure that Forest Plan, Allotment Management Plan and Annual Operating Instructions utilization standards are met.
- The Wyoming Rangeland Monitoring Guide can be used to determine use within the allotment. The Forest Service encourages the use of photo points, landscape appearance and cover by life form transects and will assist in monitoring training and evaluation.

#### X. COORDINATION & COOPERATION

- The Bridger-Teton Forest-wide Noxious Integrated Weed Management Plan
  emphasizes inventory and implementing treatment programs within the District.
  Noxious weeds of concern in the allotment are: Spotted Knapweed, Musk Thistle,
  Canada Thistle, Hound's Tongue, Dalmatian Toadflax and Leafy Spurge.
  Permittees are encouraged to report known noxious weed locations to the Forest
  Service.
- All predator control will be in accordance with State and Federal Laws. Black and Grizzly bear, wolf, and lion predation should be reported to the Wyoming Game & Fish Dept., and coyote predation reported to the USDA-APHIS office

#### XI. OTHER

• Dead livestock within 300 feet of any live stream, spring, roadway or trail will be promptly removed and properly disposed of. Proper disposal would include removal of the carcass off of the allotment, or dragging the carcass at least 300 feet away from any live stream, spring, roadway or trail. Final removal of livestock carcasses within ¼ mile of system roads, system trails, and all developed and undeveloped recreation areas will be coordinated with the Forest Office in Charge to provide for public safety. This may require various additional mitigation measures.

XII. Signature Block

/s/ Richard Raione	Richard Raine	4-25-16
District Ranger		Date

### **2016 ACTUAL USE RECORD**

BRIDGER-TETON NATIONAL FOREST Greys River RANGER DISTRICT

(This form will be returned to the Greys River Ranger District by December 31, 2016. Indicate the TOTAL NUMBER, by each KIND and CLASS of livestock, by PASTURE and the SEASON OF USE for each entry)

Ceda	r Creek C&H On/Off				
Russell & Evelyn Stuart.					
Authorized Season of Use: 6/15 – 10/10	Authorized Numbers: 6 cattle (cow/calf)				

Planned Use			Actual Use						
Numbers (on portion only)	Enter Date	Leave Date	Days Planned	Numbers	Enter Date	Leave Date	Days Used	Losses	Cause
6	June15	October 10	102						
						Total	Losses		- Carridge

Signature:		Date:	
	(Russell & Evelyn Stuart)		

Comments: (Included needed range improvements; improvements maintained or visited; new noxious weeds locations; and etc.)

Figure 1.0 Cedar Creek Allotment: 2016 Grazing Plan, Allotment Boundary & other items 8373 WaterDevelopments-updated\_2015-3-11 X =X Fences-updated\_2015-3-11 TraveiRoute-Road TravelRoute-Trail Other Allotments CEDAR CREEK BTNF Boundary 0.85 Users of this map should exercice caution regarding the accuracy of these data. The source, scales, and vintage can vary. The USFS provides no warranty, nor accepts any liability from any incorrect, incomplete, or misleading use of these data. These data may be updated at a nytime without notice